Great Depression Curriculum Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis Lesson Correlation with Kentucky State Standards in U. S. History, Civics and Economics

Standard/Benchmark Grade Level Expectations	Lesson 1: Measuring the Great Depression	Lesson 2: What Do People Say?	Lesson 3: What Really Caused the Great Depression?	Lesson 4: Dealing with the Great Depression	Lesson 5: Turn Your Radio On	Lesson 6: Could It Happen Again?
U.S. History				1		
Program of Understandings SS-H-HP-U-US2: Students will understand that U.S. history has been impacted by significant individuals and groups.	X	X	X	X	X	X
Program of Understandings SS-H-HPU-US3: Students will understand that each era in the history of the United States has social, political and economic characteristics.	X	X	X	X	X	X
Students will demonstrate an understanding of the interpretative nature of history using a variety of tools (e.g., primary and secondary sources, Internet, timelines, maps and data).	X	X			X	X
Students will examine cause-effect relationships in history (e.g., showing how a series of events are connected).	X	X	X	X	X	X
Students will evaluate how the Great Depression. New Deal policies and World War II transformed America socially and politically at home (e.g., the stock market crash, relief, recovery, reform initiatives, increased role of government in business) and reshaped its role in world affairs.				X	X	

Great Depression Curriculum

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

$Lesson\ Correlation\ with\ Kentucky\ State\ Standards\ in$

U. S. History, Civics and Economics

Lesson 1: Lesson 2: Lesson 3: Lesson 4: Lesson 5: Lesson 6:								
	Measuring the	What Do	What Really	Dealing	Turn	Could It		
	Great	People Say?	Caused the	with the	Your	Happen		
Standard/Benchmark	Depression		Great	Great	Radio On	Again?		
Grade Level Expectations			Depression?	Depression				
Economics								
Program of Understandings		X	X	X				
SS-H-E-U-1: Students will understand that								
the basic economic problem confronting								
individuals, societies, and governments is								
scarcity; as a result of scarcity, economic								
choices and decisions must be made.								
Describe how economic institutions (e.g.,		X	X		X			
corporations, labor unions, banks, stock								
markets, cooperatives and partnerships)								
help to deal with scarcity.								
Program of Understandings		X	X		X			
SS-H-E-U-2: Students will understand that								
economic systems are created by individuals,								
societies and governments to achieve broad								
goals (e.g., security, growth, freedom,								
efficiency, equity).								
Students will analyze free enterprise systems		X	X		X			
and explain strategies for maximizing profits								
based on different roles in the economy (e.g.,								
producers, entrepreneurs, workers, savers								
and investors).								
Program on Understandings		X	X		X			
SS-H-E-U-3: Students will understand that								
markets (e.g. local, national, global) are								
institutional arrangements that enable								
buyers and sellers to exchanges goods and								
services.								

Great Depression Curriculum Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis Lesson Correlation with Kentucky State Standards in

U. S. History, Civics and Economics

Standard/Benchmark Grade Level Expectations	Lesson 1: Measuring the Great Depression	Lesson 2: What Do People Say?	Lesson 3: What Really Caused the Great Depression?	Lesson 4: Dealing with the Great Depression	Lesson 5: Turn Your Radio On	Lesson 6: Could It Happen Again?
Research laws and government mandates (e.g., anti-trust legislation, tariff policy, regulatory policy) analyze their purposes and effects in the United States and in the global marketplace.		X		X	X	