



# Wealth Mobility of Families Raising Children in the 21st Century

**Tatjana Meschede, PhD, Research Director,  
Institute on Assets and Social Policy (IASP),  
Heller School for Social Policy and Management, Brandeis University**  
**Hannah Thomas, PhD, Senior Analyst, Abt Associates**  
**Alexis Mann, MA, Research Associate, IASP**  
**Allison Stagg, MA, Research Assistant, IASP**  
**Thomas Shapiro, PhD, Director, IASP**

**IASP**

BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY

The Heller School  
FOR SOCIAL POLICY AND MANAGEMENT

Institute on Assets and Social Policy

# Wealth Mobility – Why Does It Matter?

- Wealth like a pond
- Growing wealth inequality
- Limited study of wealth mobility



# Definitions of Wealth Mobility

- **Inter-generational wealth mobility** – wealth position of children compared with wealth position of parents
- **Intra-generational wealth mobility (relative mobility)** – wealth ranking of household at T1 and T2
- **Intra-generational wealth accumulation (absolute mobility)** – wealth of household at T1 and T2

# Prior Research on Intra-Generational Wealth Mobility

## Trends in Intra-Generational Wealth Mobility

- Stickiness at ends of distribution
- Hard to move up
- Blacks find harder to move up

## Predictors of Wealth Mobility

- Education, inheritance, and white collar – protective/upward
- Divorce, unemployment, children, blue collar, black – downward

## Gaps in Research

- Men or Women
- 1960s, 70s, and up to 2003
- Lack a comprehensive theory of wealth mobility

# Target Population/Research Questions

## Families Raising Children in Twenty-First Century

- Parental wealth predicts children trajectories
- Unique macro-economic events (two major recessions)
- Associated sharp increase in wealth inequality

## Research Questions

- What predicts wealth accumulation of families with children in the twenty first century?
- What predicts the wealth mobility of families with children in the twenty-first century?
- How does this differ by race?

# Data Sources and Methods

## **IASP Leveraging Mobility Study (LM)**

- In-depth interviews in 1998 and 2010 with families, half white, half black, with a young child in 1998 (n=137)

## **Panel Study of Income Dynamics (PSID)**

- Families of working age (25-55) with children in their home, 1999-2011

## **Integrative Mixed Methods (IMM)**

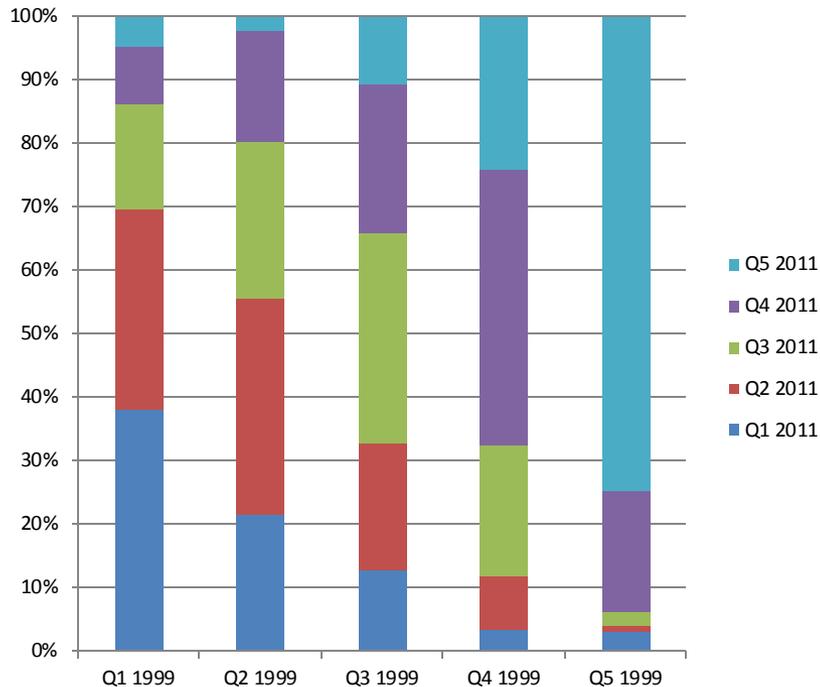
- Sequential analysis

# Wealth Mobility by Race

**All Families:** 62% wealth growth, \$20,855 at median

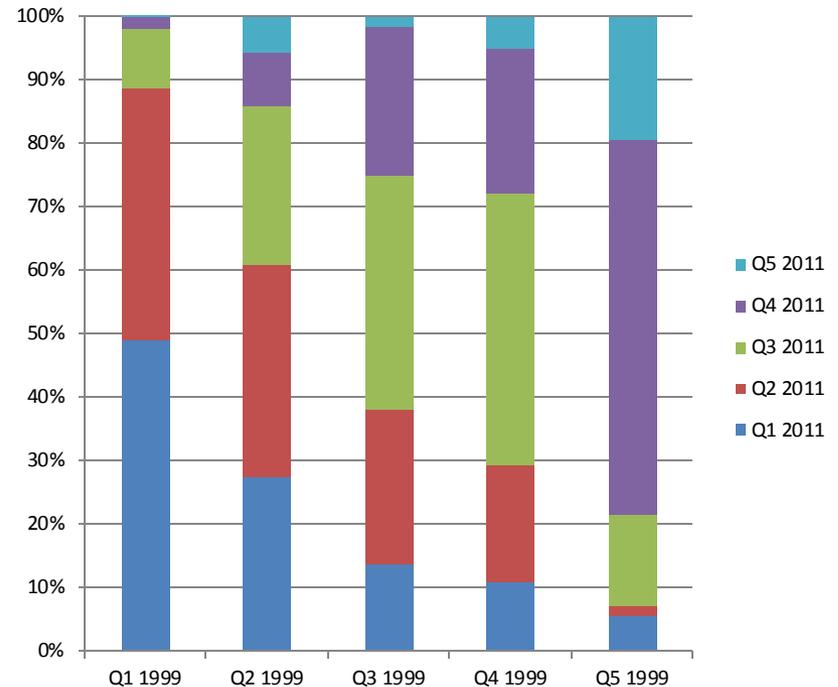
## White Families:

- 64% wealth growth
- \$41,850 at median



## Black Families:

- 52% wealth growth
- \$600 at



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# Analytic Approach

- **Step 1:** Identified and labeled thematic categories by conducting open coding of LM data:
  - Extended family wealth
  - Neighborhood and housing wealth
  - Employment characteristics,
  - Negative life events
- **Step 2:** Multi-variate analyses of PSID subsample

	Model 1 Likelihood of Absolute WM (OR)	Model 2 Amount of Absolute WM (Coefficient)	Model 3a Relative Upward WM (Risk Ratio)	Model 3b Relative Downward WM (Risk Ratio)
<b>Demographics</b>				
Age (head)	0.99	0.02**	0.96***	0.99
Married in 1999	1.26	0.64***	0.94	1.34
Education(head) in 1999	1	0.67***	1.01	1.18
<b>Race</b>				
Black (head)	0.9	-0.26+	1.19	1.31*
<b>Employment</b>				
Change in Income, 1998-2010	1.00***	0.00***	1	.99***
Occupation (head), white collar, 1999	1.11	0.42***	0.85	0.81
<b>Financial Factors</b>				
Inheritance (\$ value)	1.00***	0.00***	1	.99**
Homeowner all years	1.67***	0.47***	0.78	0.67***
<b>Negative life events</b>				
Onset of new disability (head/wife)	0.73***	-0.28*	0.78*	1.30*
Any Unemployment (head/wife)	0.79*	-0.45***	1	1.14
Loss of spouse	0.50***	-0.02	1.07	1.90***
<b>Neighborhood</b>				
Neighborhood Poverty(2000)	0.44	-2.90***	0.69	0.27*
Pseudo R2	0.061	0.35	0.032	0.032
N	1942	1003	1942	1942

+p=.058, \*p<05; \*\*p<.001; \*\*\*p<.001

- What do these results mean in the lives of the Leveraging Mobility families?
- How and when does employment play a role in wealth building?
- How do family gifts happen?
- How does homeownership provide access to wealth?
- Why are negative life events so important?
- And why does neighborhood matter so much?

## RECONTEXTUALIZATION

# Recontextualization

## Sharisse Perkins: cancer and work

*“Luckily I had this big illness but I could take a short-term disability and get my full paycheck, just a huge benefit. But if I didn’t have this job, and I got sick, it’s like you always just worry one little thing could happen and you would be in deep trouble.”*

## Bzdells: Receiving a large inheritance

*“So we have this cushion now that’s more like... twelve mattresses piled on top of each other.”*

# Recontextualizing...

## Owning a home in a gentrifying neighborhood

Home equity provided a cushion after they sold their home because “*we really were living hand to mouth... We really had exhausted our savings.*”

## Important during a negative life event

They used this cushion during unemployment and a health event.

# Summary/Conclusions

- **Builds** a more **comprehensive understanding** of drivers of wealth mobility
- **Brings** it back to **people's real lives** to illustrate how manifest themselves
- **Underscores** the **importance of wealth** for families with children in the twenty first century