

CENTRAL

to

AMERICA'S
ECONOMY\*\*

# Financial Market Turmoil and Recession: What's Next?

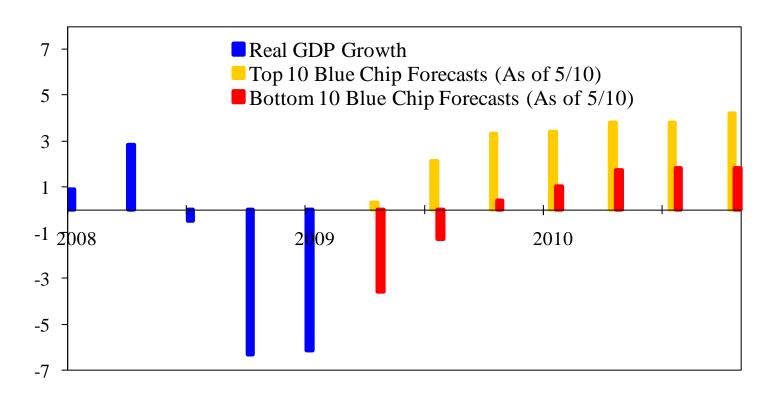
### **James Bullard**

President and CEO

May 12, 2009 Indiana University

# Measuring Uncertainty: Real GDP Growth

### Percent

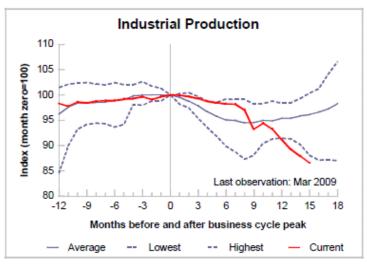


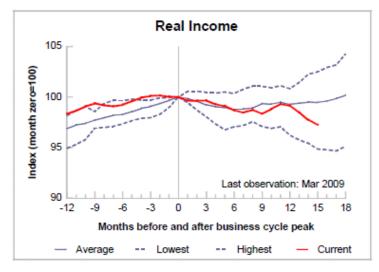
# Growth Rate in Real GDP, SAAR, Percent

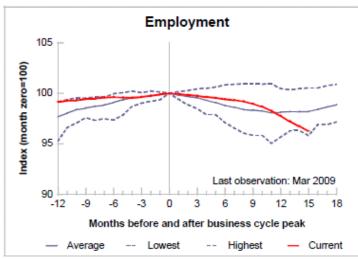
2008:Q4, 2009:Q1



### Tracking the Global Recession: United States





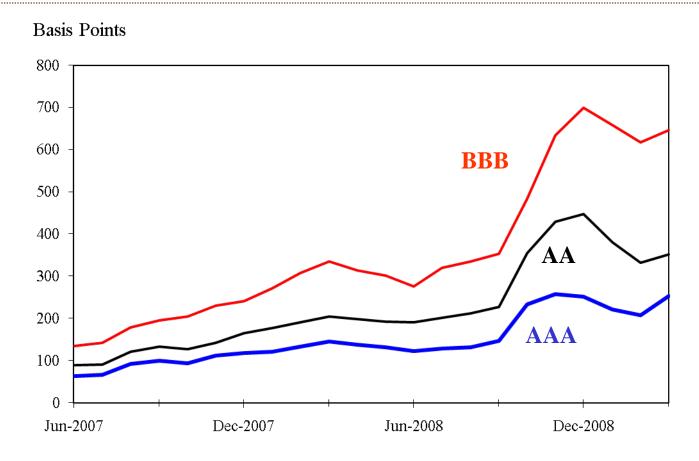




# Measures of Financial Market Stress

### Debt Pricing: Bond Spreads to 10-Yr Treasury

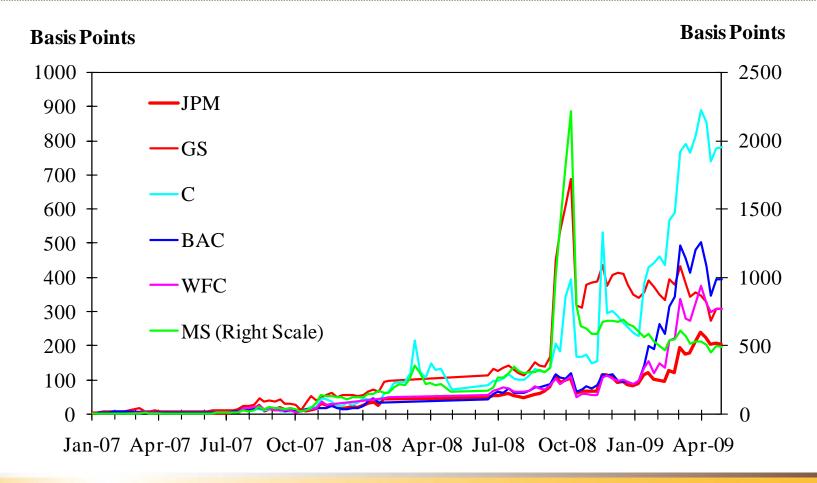
(Monthly data. Last Observation: April 2009)



JAMES BULLARD Source: Federal Reserve.

### Cost of Credit Protection

(Weekly Data. Last Observation: May 5, 2009)

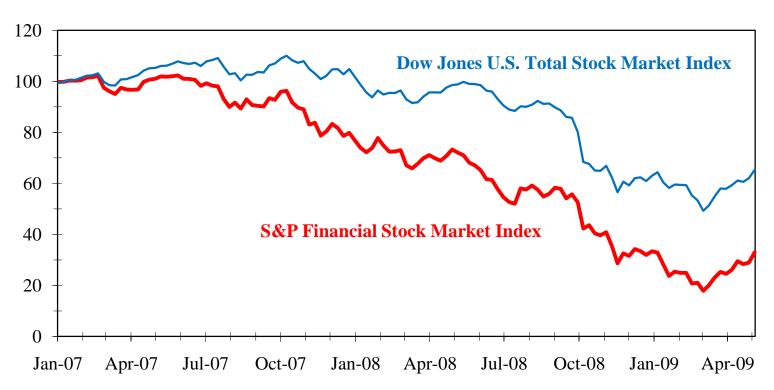


JAMES BULLARD Source: Bloomberg.

### Stock Market Indexes

(Weekly Data. Last Observation: May 8, 2009)



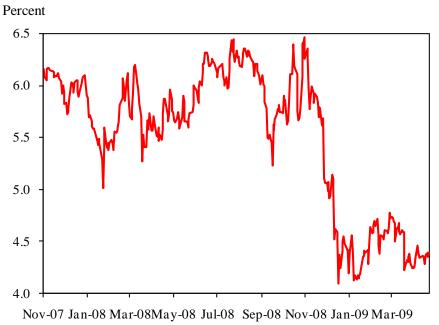


# Housing Markets

### Mortgage Market

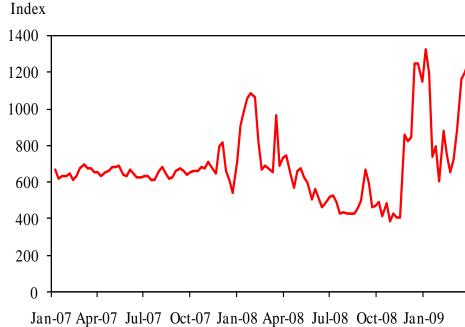
Mortgage Rates: Fannie Mae Commitment Rates 30-Yr Fixed.

(11/2/02007 - 5/5/2009)



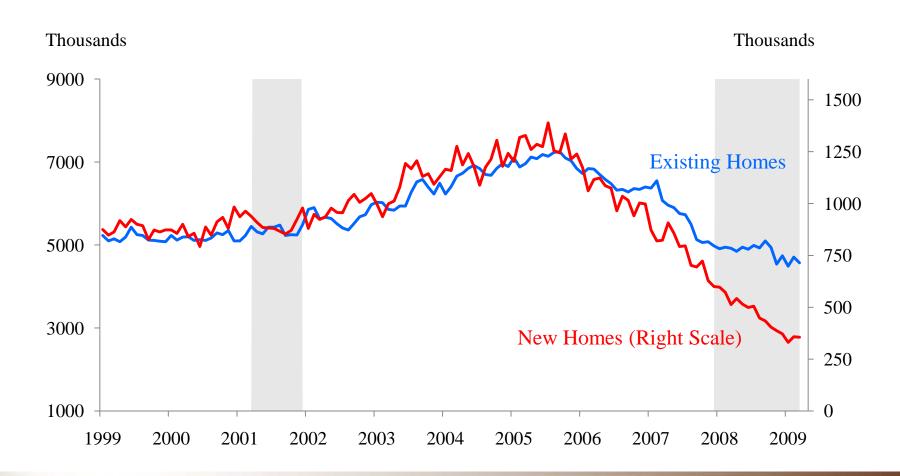
MBA Mortgage Applications Index. 3/16/1990 = 100

(1/5/2007 - 5/5/2009)



### New and Existing Home Sales

(Monthly Data. Last Observation: March, 2009)



# Regulatory Reform

# The Clamor For Regulatory Reform

- Historically, important crises have resulted in regulatory reform.
  - The Panic of 1907 led to the founding of the Federal Reserve.
  - The Depression led to the enactment of Glass-Steagall in 1933, creating the FDIC, and separating commercial from investment banking.
  - The Thrift Crisis in the late 1980s led to the enactment of FDICIA and "prompt corrective action."
  - The collapse of Enron and Worldcom led to the enactment of Sarbanes-Oaxley.

# Portions of the Regulatory System Work Well

- Bank regulation outside the largest financial institutions has worked well during the crisis.
- We do not see the small bank panic that characterized the Depression, even though this is a big crisis.
- The system of deposit insurance, prudential regulation, and a credible resolution regime solves that problem.

# Less Successful Regulation

- The key problem areas in this crisis have been with large banks and large non-bank financial firms.
- These are often global enterprises.
- As a result, it has been difficult to discern how these firms were coping with the crisis.
- In addition, the resolution regime is unclear.
- These firms are often considered "too big to fail" because of the market disruption that might be caused.
- The correct phrase is "too big to fail ... quickly."

### The Fed's Role in Regulation

- The Fed is the nation's lender of last resort.
- If the Fed may be lending to institutions, it will need to have a role in regulating those institutions.
- The Fed also runs the monetary policy of the nation.
- To perform this function effectively, the Fed needs to know the condition of the financial system.

# The Fed and Systemic Risk

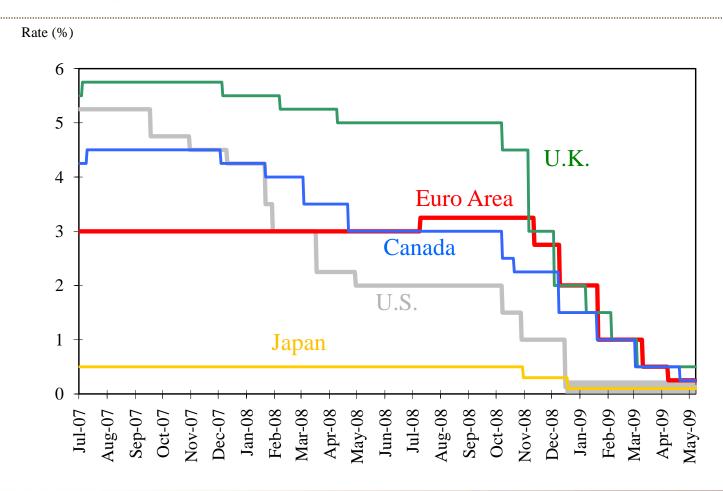
- Three important systemic calls by the Fed:
  - William Poole on GSEs.\*
  - Gary Stern on "Too Big to Fail."\*\*
  - Ned Gramlich on subprime.\*\*\*

- \* William Poole, "Financial Stability," 2002; "Housing in the Macroeconomy," 2003; and "Reputation and the Non-Prime Mortgage Market," 2007.
- \*\* Gary H. Stern, Ron J. Feldman, Too Big To Fail: The Hazards of Bank Bailouts, Brookings Institution Press, 2004.
- \*\*\* Edward M. Gramlich, Subprime Mortgages: America's Latest Boom and Bust, Urban Institute Press, 2007.

# Inflation Risks

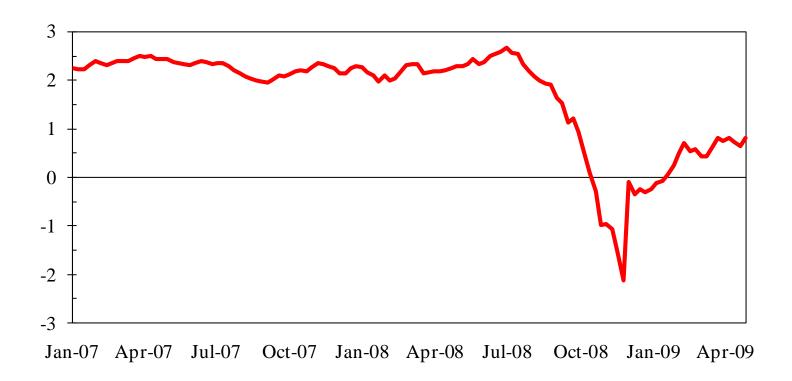
# World Policy Rates

(Daily data as of May 8, 2009)



### Implied 5-Year Spot Inflation Rates

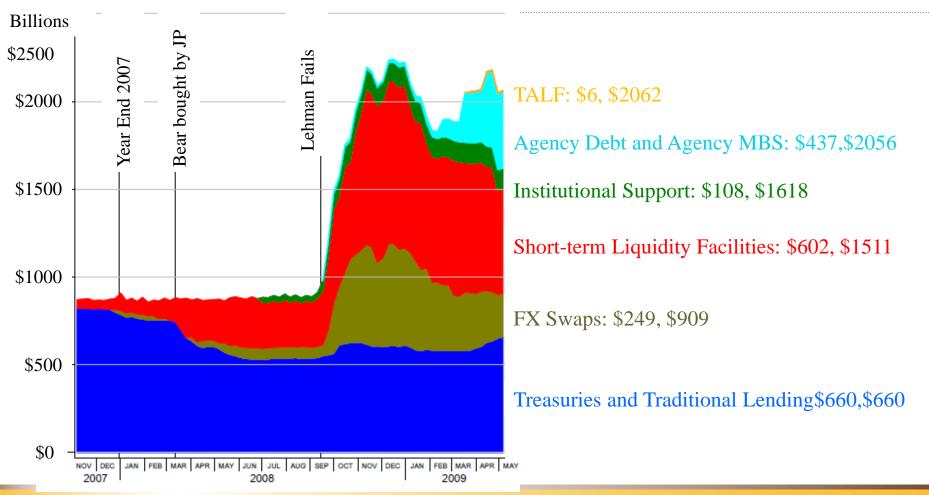
(Weekly data. Last Observation: May 8, 2009)



JAMES BULLARD Source: Federal Reserve.

### Federal Reserve Credit: Component Size and Cumulative

Total (Weekly, 10/3/2007 to 5/6/2009)

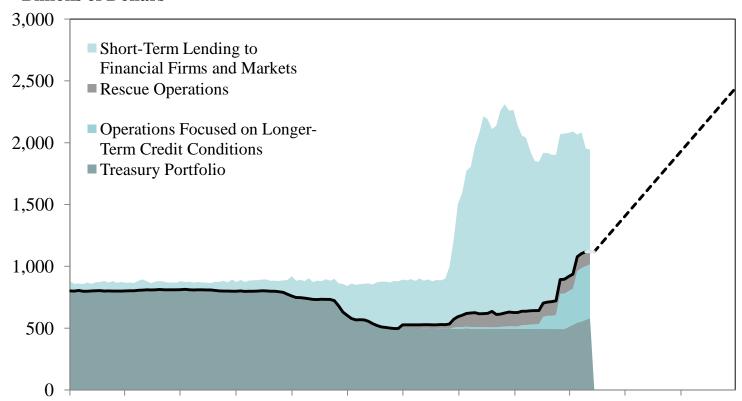


Source: Federal Reserve.

### Federal Reserve Credit

(Weekly Data. Last Observation: May 6, 2009, and Projected Values.)





Jan-07 Apr-07 Jul-07 Oct-07 Jan-08 Apr-08 Jul-08 Oct-08 Jan-09 Apr-09 Jul-09 Oct-09

JAMES BULLARD Sources: Federal Reserve.



CENTRAL

to

AMERICA'S

ECONOMY\*\*

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis stlouisfed.org

Federal Reserve Economic Data (FRED) research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/

James Bullard research.stlouisfed.org/econ/bullard/