

Plunging Crude Prices: Impact on U.S. and State Economies

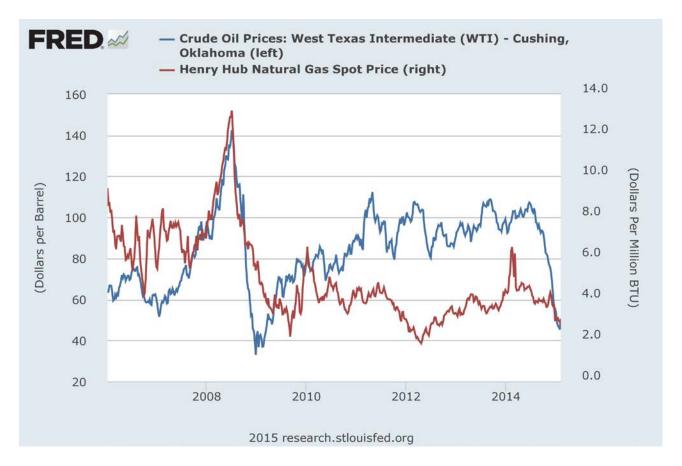
Mine Yücel
Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas
February 12, 2015



The views expressed here are those of the speakers and do not necessarily represent the views of the Federal Reserve Banks of St. Louis and Dallas or of the Federal Reserve System.



Oil and Gas Prices Plunge



US. Energy Information Administration, Crude Oil Prices: West Texas Intermediate (WTI) - Cushing, Oklahoma [WCOILWTICO], retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis https://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/series/WCOILWTICO/, February 12, 2015.

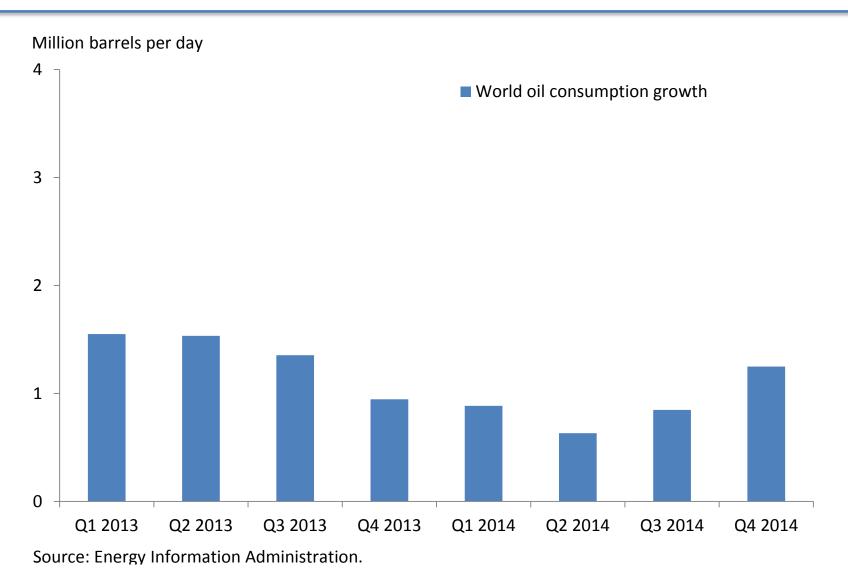
US. Energy Information Administration, Henry Hub Natural Gas Spot Price [WHHNGSP], retrieved from FRED, Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis https://research.stlouisfed.org/fred2/series/WHHNGSP/, February 12, 2015.

Outline

- How did we get here?
 - World oil supply/demand balance
- Impact on U.S. economy
- Impact on state economies
- Where do we go from here?

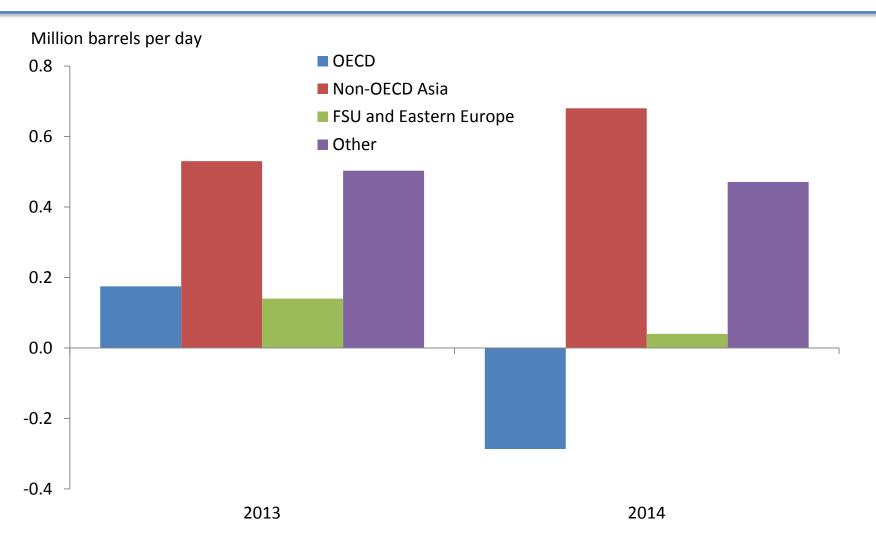
World Oil Consumption Growth

(Year-over-year)



World Oil Consumption Growth

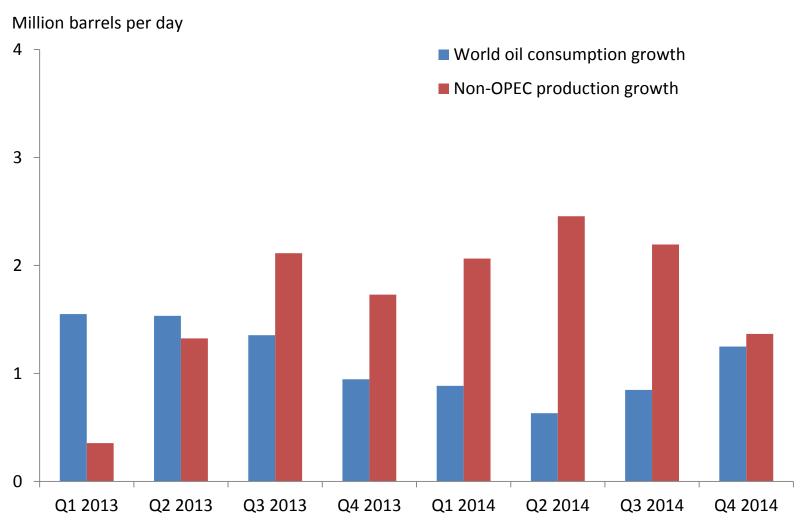
(Year-over-year)



Source: Energy Information Administration.

World Consumption and Non-OPEC Production Growth

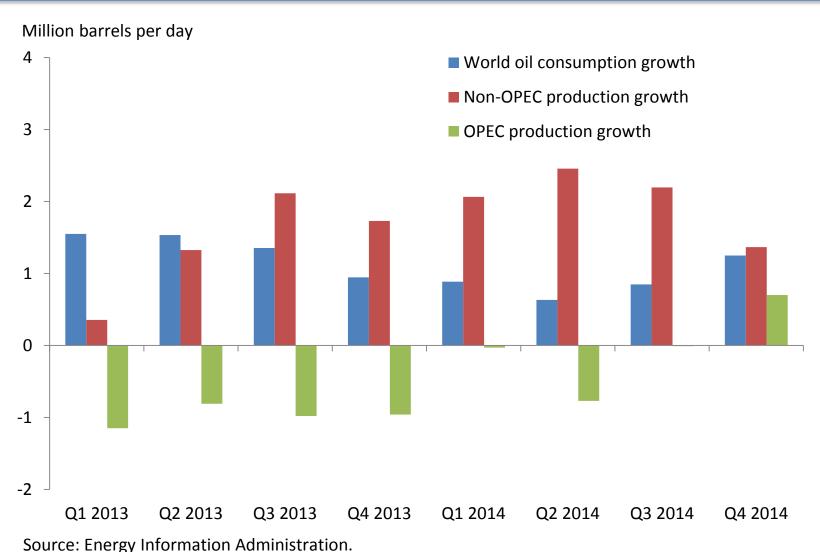
<u>(Year-over-year)</u>



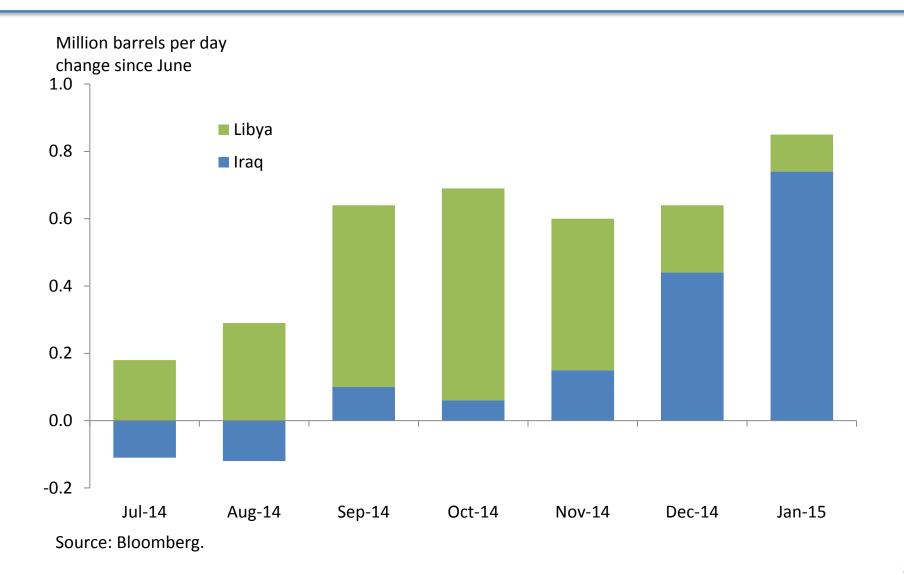
Source: Energy Information Administration.

World Oil Consumption and Production Growth

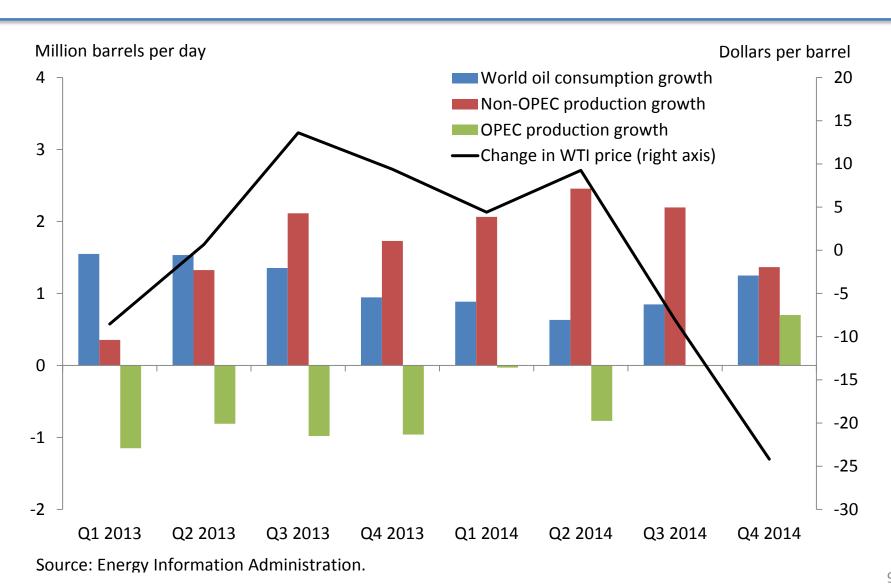
(Year-over-year)



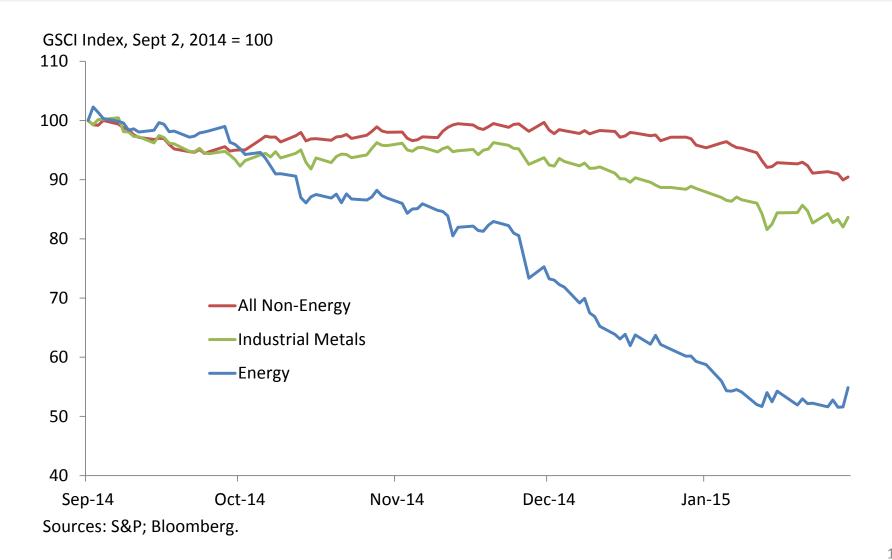
Iraq and Libya Production Up Since June



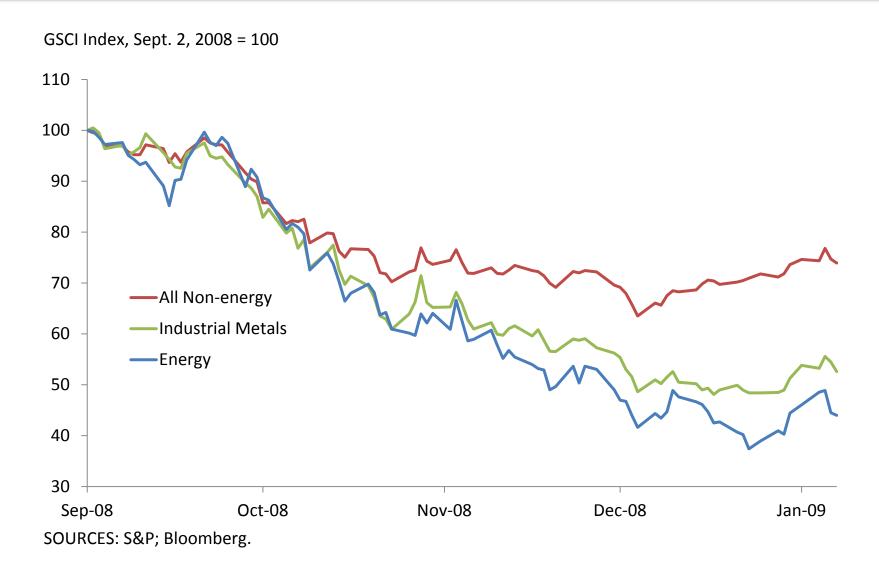
Demand/Supply Balance and Oil Prices



Energy Prices Fall More Than Other Commodities

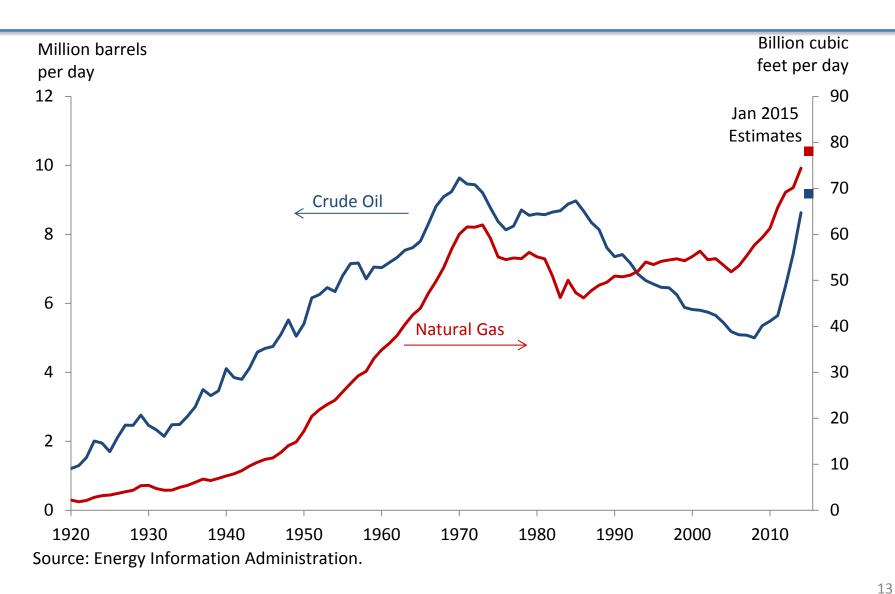


In Contrast to Falling Prices in 2008

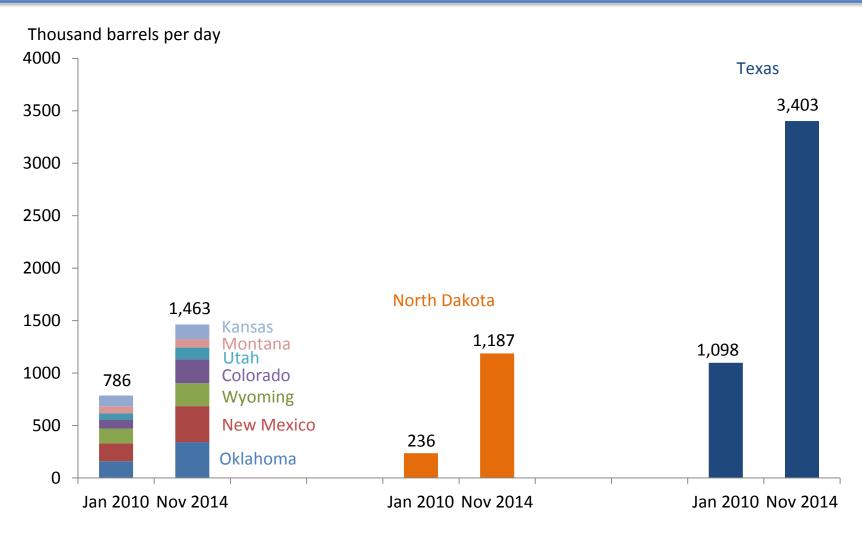


Impact on U.S. Economy

U.S. Oil and Gas Production

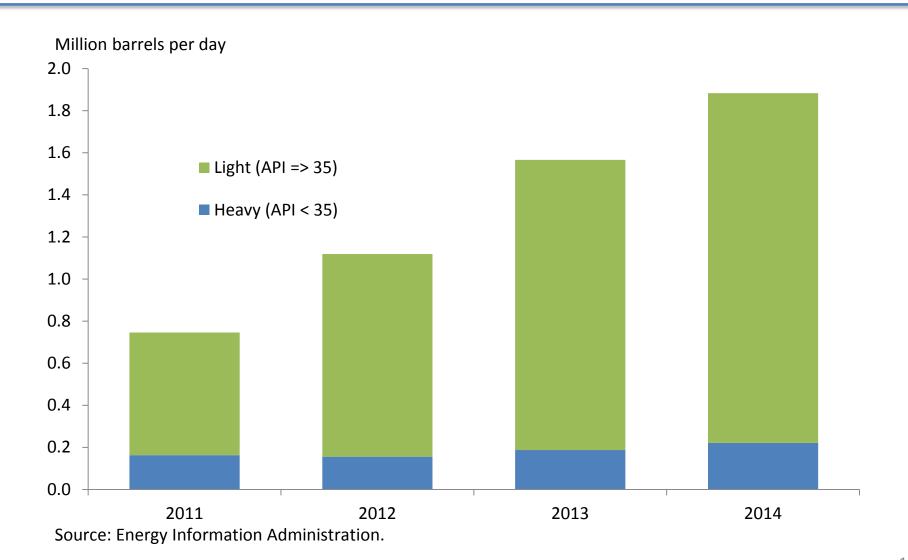


U.S. Crude Oil Production from Shale

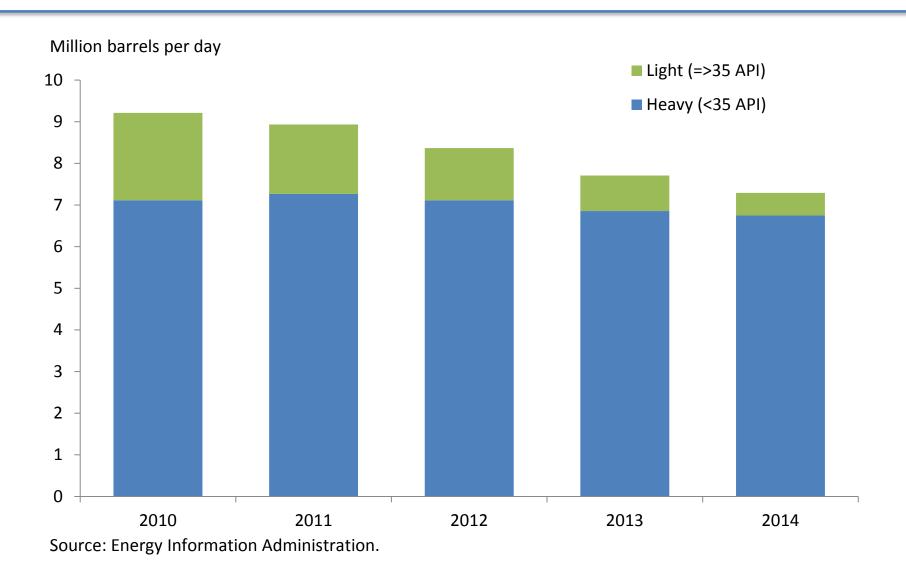


Source: Energy Information Administration.

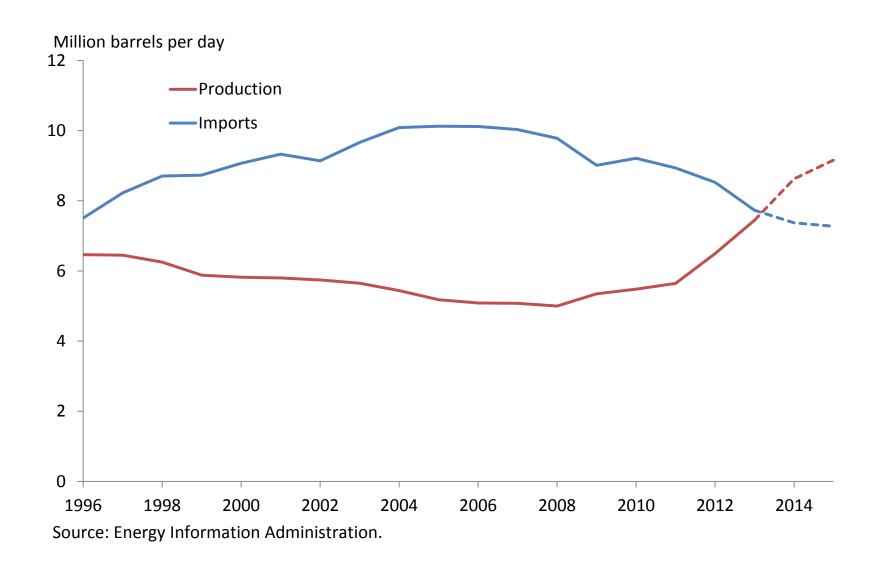
Gulf Coast Crude Oil by API Gravity



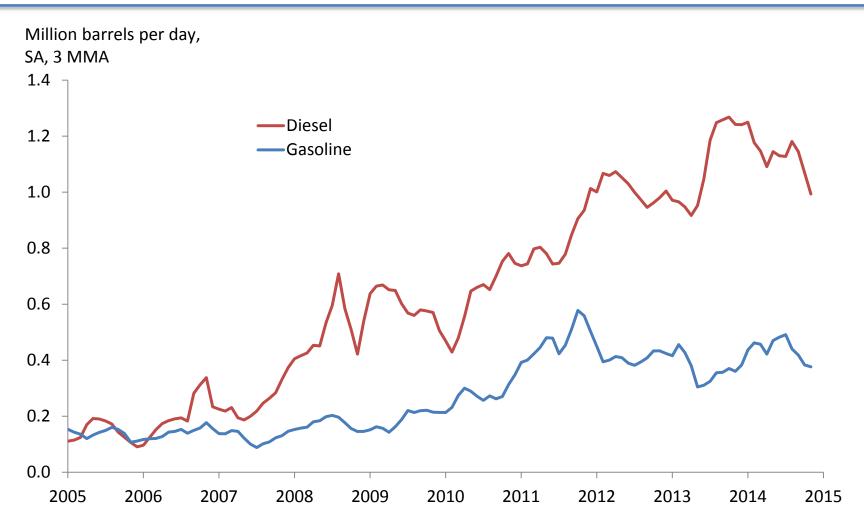
U.S. Imports of Crude Oil by API



U.S. Imports of Crude Oil Have Fallen below Production

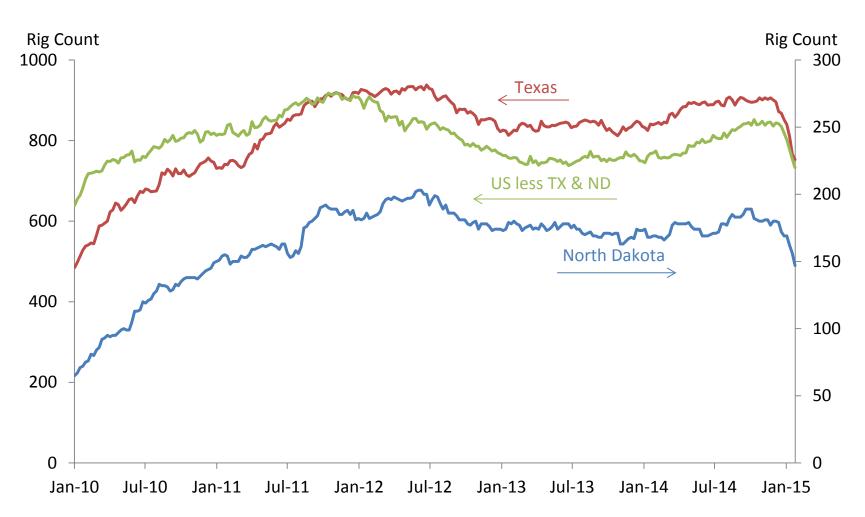


Exports of Gasoline and Diesel



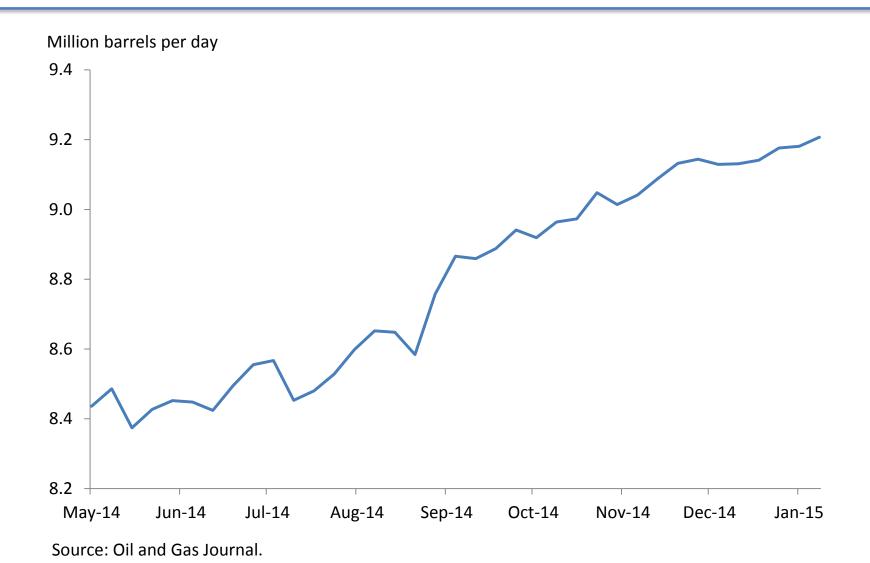
Source: Energy Information Administration.

Rig Counts



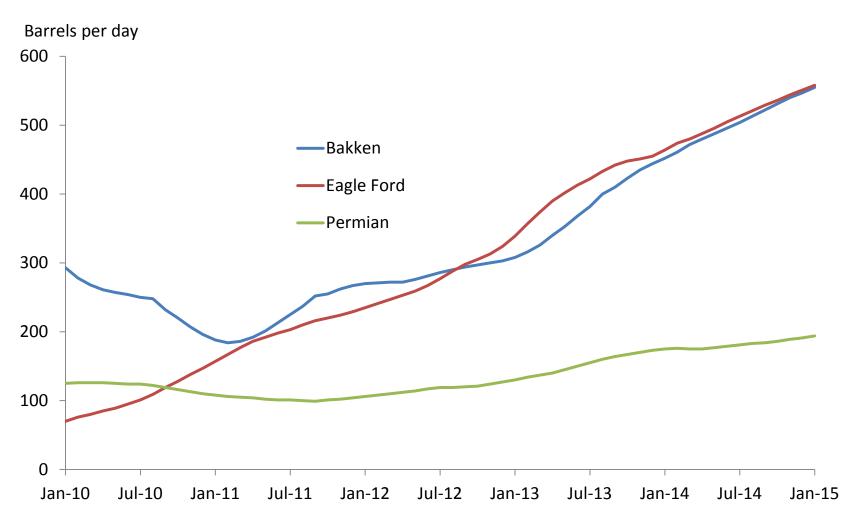
Source: Baker Hughes.

Despite Rig Count Declines, Oil Production Holding Up



New Rigs and Wells Very Productive

(New well oil production per rig)

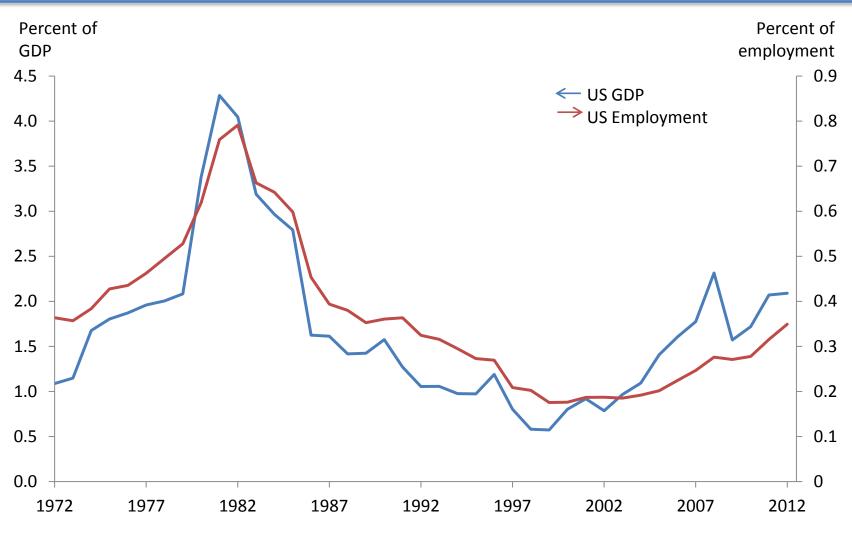


Source: Energy Information Administration.

How Low Can Prices Go?

- Breakeven costs for different areas:
 - Bakken
 - \$28 \$85 per barrel
 - Eagle Ford
 - \$46 \$80 per barrel
 - Permian Basin
 - \$52 \$75 per barrel

Importance of Oil and Gas to U.S. Economy



Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis; Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Impact on U.S. Economy

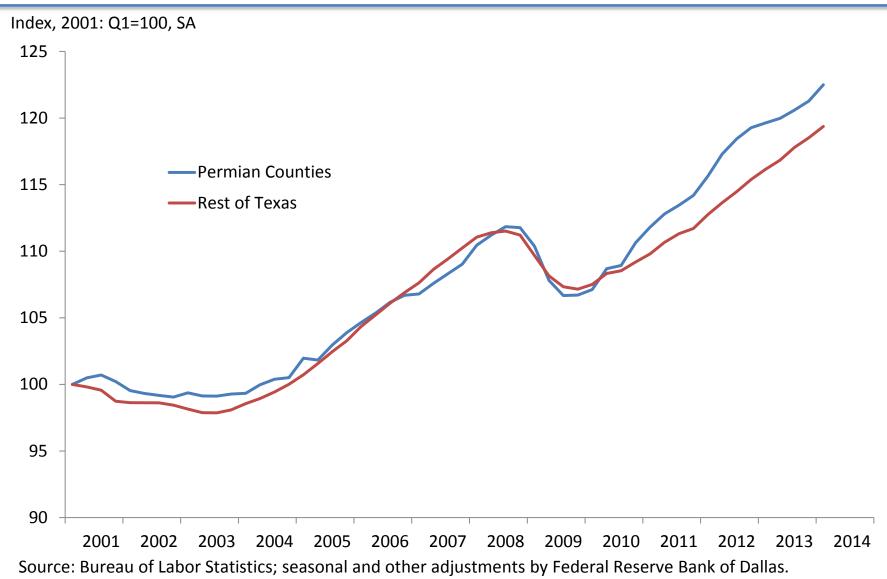
- The U.S. benefits from lower oil prices
- Boosts consumer disposable income
 - The decline in gasoline prices adds \$550 to household budgets in 2015
- Reduces the cost of energy to firms
- Reduces profitability of producing oil
 - Layoffs and capex declines in energy firms
- A 50% fall in oil prices may lead to a 0.3% to 1.0% increase in GDP (depending on the model)
- Headline inflation falls

Impact on State Economies

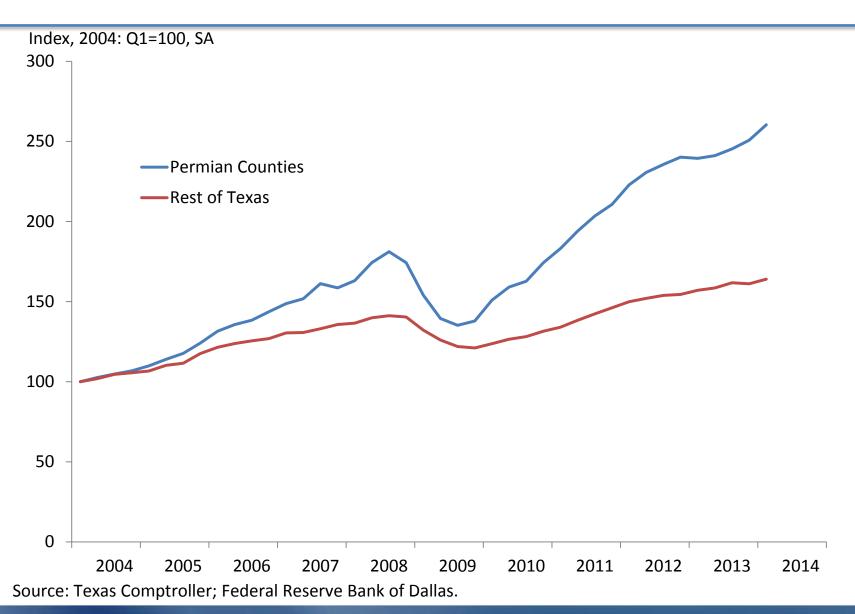
Regional Effects

- Increased energy activity brings oil and gas extraction and oil-field support jobs
- Local areas:
 - lease and royalty payments,
 - infrastructure construction and
 - increased spending on retail, leisure and hospitality, and health services.
- Local governments: greater sales taxes
- State governments: increased severance tax revenues

Permian Basin Employment

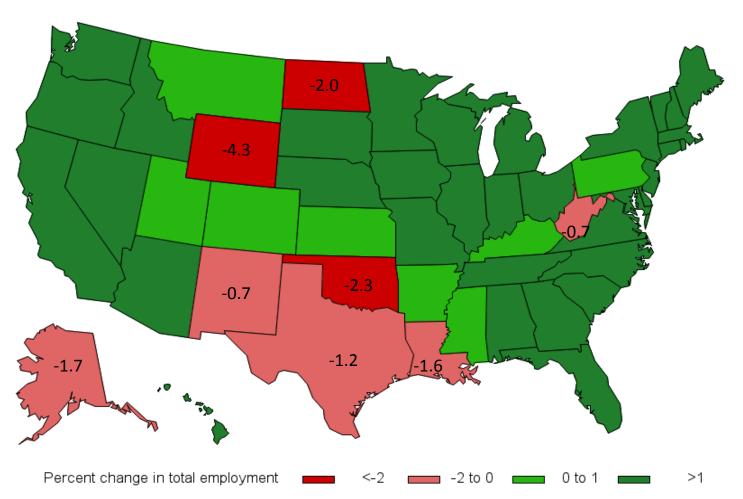


Permian Basin Retail Sales Growth



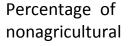
Low Oil Prices Benefit Most States

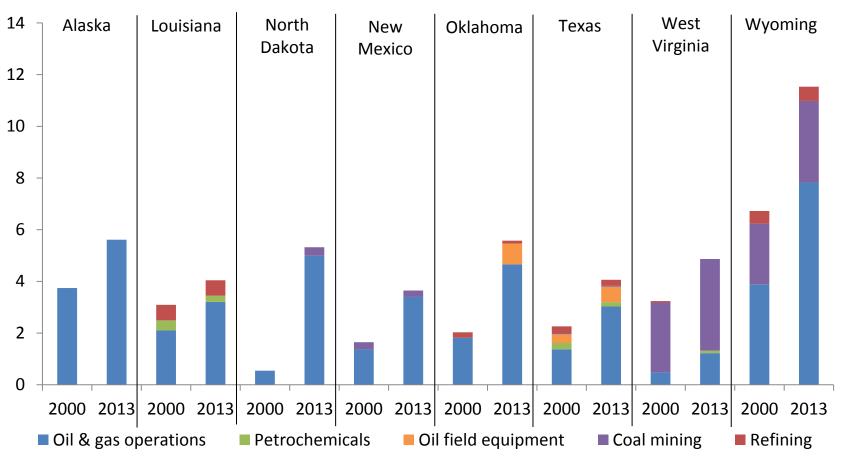
(Effect of a 50% decline in oil prices on employment)



Source: Council on Foreign Relations, "The Shale Gas and Tight Oil Boom: US States' Economic Gains and Vulnerabilities," Brown, Yucel 2013.

Energy-Related Employment

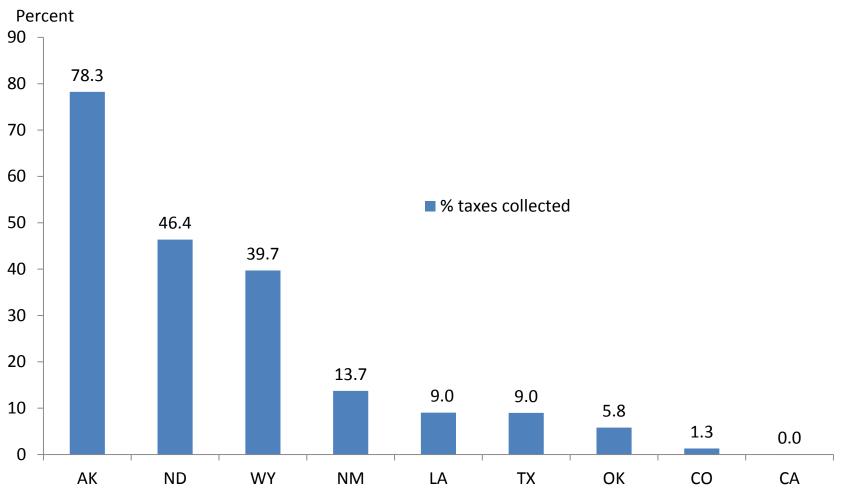




Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Some States Rely Heavily on Oil and Gas Severance Taxes

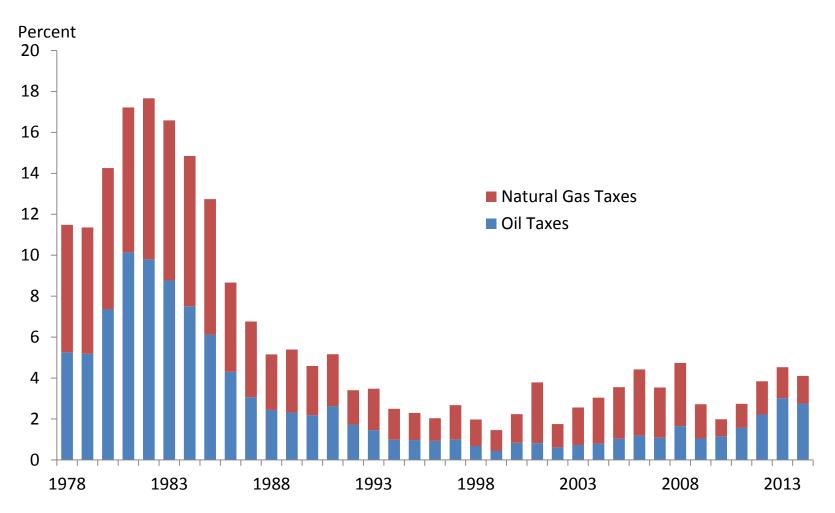
(Share of state tax revenues)



Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2013 annual survey of state government tax collections; EIA.

Oil and Gas Share of Total Revenue

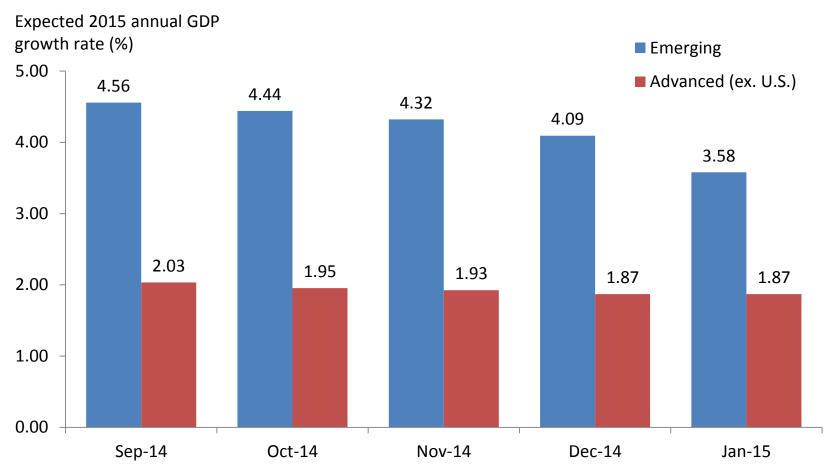
(Texas)



Source: Texas Comptroller.

Where Do We Go from Here?

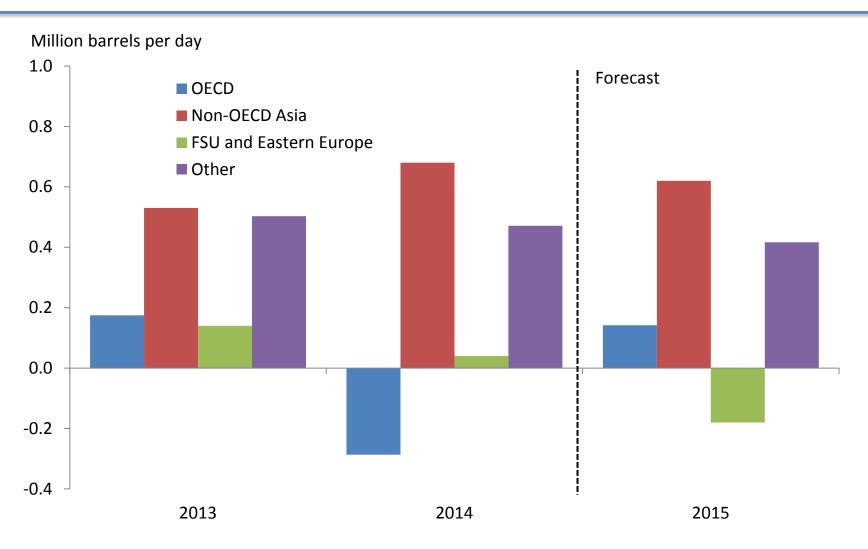
GDP Growth Forecast



NOTES: Countries are weighted using oil-consumption shares calculated using 2013 consumption data from the Energy Information Administration.

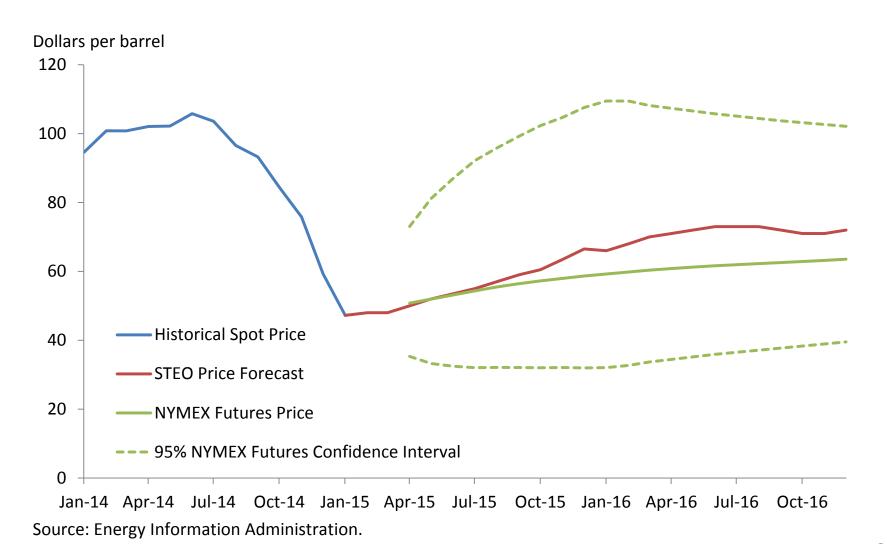
SOURCES: DGEI; Consensus Forecasts; EIA; authors' calculations.

World Consumption Growth Forecast

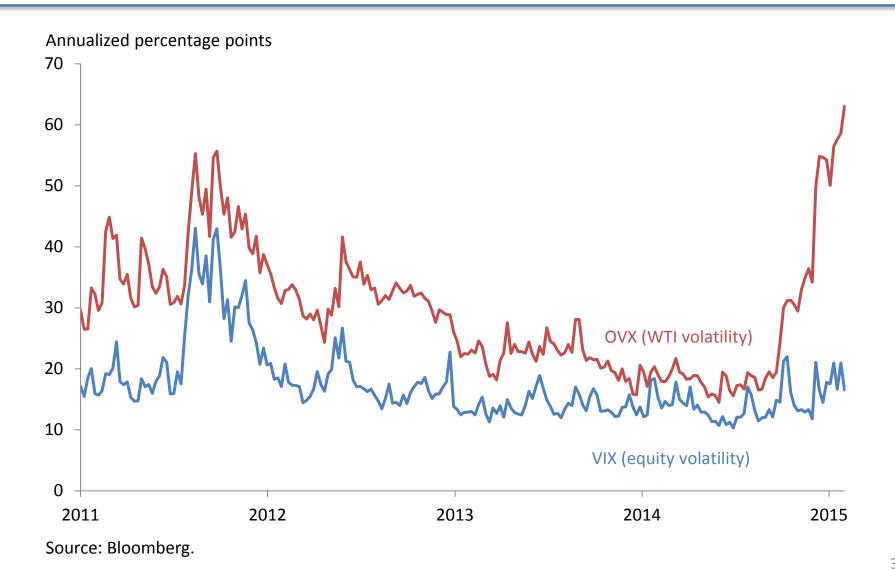


Source: Energy Information Administration.

Crude Price Forecast

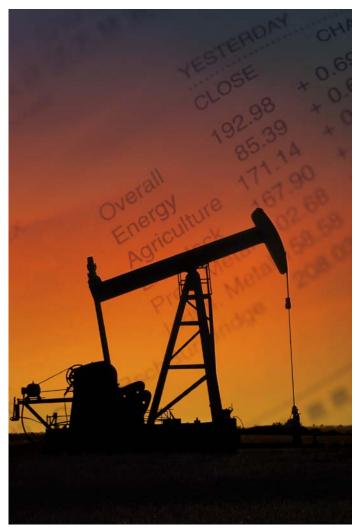


Oil Price Outlook Very Uncertain



Outlook

- Market will adjust
 - Lower prices will lead to a contraction of supply and increase in demand
- Global GDP growth is expected to rise over time
- Oil prices expected to rise
- U.S. supply response will be swifter than in the past
- Uncertainties abound



Stockbyte/Thinkstock

Plunging Crude Prices: Impact on U.S. and State Economies

Michael Plante and Mine Yücel Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas February 12, 2015



The views expressed here are those of the speakers and do not necessarily represent the views of the Federal Reserve Banks of St. Louis and Dallas or of the Federal Reserve System.