# Unit 3 Earning Income

## Lesson 3B:

# **Entrepreneurship—Working for Yourself**

## Rule 3: Invest in Yourself.

The most important investment you will make in your life has nothing to do with buying a house, a share of stock, or even gold. The most important investment you can make is in yourself. You will most likely earn income by working for someone else or by running your own business. In either case, you will need education, training, skills, experience, determination, and a positive attitude on an ongoing basis to earn a good wage or make a good profit. Without first investing in yourself, your ability to earn income falls, making budgeting, saving, investing, and reaching financial goals far more difficult. These lessons look at the importance of building your human capital and explore personal attributes likely to affect the career you choose.

# **Lesson Description**

Students are asked to volunteer for a potentially embarrassing task (which they ultimately do not have to perform) in return for a reward, which demonstrates a characteristic of entrepreneurs. They then take a personal assessment to discover other important characteristics of entrepreneurs and determine how entrepreneurial they are based on these characteristics.

Standards and	Benchmarks	(see page	73)
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## **Grade Level**

9-12

# Concept

Entrepreneurs

## **Compelling Question**

What personal characteristics do entrepreneurs often have?

## **Objectives**

Students will be able to

- define entrepreneurs and describe their role in the economy and
- describe personal characteristics entrepreneurs are likely to possess.

# **Time Required**

45 minutes

#### **Materials**

- Visual 3B.1: Scoring Your Personal Assessment
- Visual 3B.2: Characteristics of Entrepreneurs
- Visual 3B.3: What Does Your Score Indicate?
- Handout 3B.1: My Personal Assessment, one copy for each student
- Handout 3B.2: Assessment, one copy for each student
- Container (e.g., hat or box) to hold slips of paper
- About 10 folded slips of paper (blank)
- Optional: small prizes (See Procedure Step 1)

# **Preparation**

Place the folded slips of paper in the container.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Show the container filled with slips of paper. Explain that each slip of paper describes an action that the person who draws the slip must perform in front of the class—some of the actions may be a bit embarrassing. Each volunteer who draws a slip and does what it says will receive a prize (e.g., extra credit points or a treat of some kind). In addition, they will be allowed to create a new slip with a new action to place in the hat.
- 2. Ask for volunteers willing to select slips to come to the front of the class. (Usually there will be some, but certainly not all students. Should no one volunteer, increase the

prize.) Once the volunteers are assembled, tell the class they won't really be playing the game—you just wanted to see who would be willing. Reward each volunteer with the prize offered without having them draw any slips. Have them remain standing in front of the class.

- 3. Explain that **entrepreneurs** are individuals willing to take risks to develop new products and start new business. They recognize opportunities, enjoy working for themselves, and accept challenges. Discuss the following:
  - How were the volunteers like entrepreneurs? (*They were willing to take a risk, accept a challenge, and try something new.*)
  - What risk did they take? (They had no idea what was written on the slips of paper. Acting something out in front of the class could have been embarrassing.)
  - What was their potential reward? (Extra credit points or whatever else was offered)
  - Why are entrepreneurs important to the economy? (When entrepreneurs develop new products and start new businesses, it results in new, innovative products for consumers to buy and the production of these products provides new job opportunities for workers. These products often increase productivity and contribute to economic growth.)
- 4. Point out that all of the volunteers took the risk of embarrassing themselves either because they thought the reward was worth it and/or because they were intrigued by what they might have to do or excited to create a new slip of their own. Thank the volunteers and ask them to return to their seats.
- 5. Distribute a copy of *Handout 3B.1: My Personal Assessment* to each student. Instruct the students to complete the assessment by circling the answers that best describe how they feel. Explain that there are no right or wrong answers. Allow time for students to complete the assessment.
- 6. Display Visual 3B.1: Scoring Your Personal Assessment. Instruct the students to score each answer based on the points on the visual. For example, a "B" answer to question 1 would score 2 points. Write the scores for each question in the short blank next to the number. They are to calculate the total and write it at the top of the page. Allow time for students to calculate their scores.
- 7. Display *Visual 3B.2: Characteristics of Entrepreneurs*. Instruct the students to work independently or in groups to match each characteristic on the visual with the question on the assessment that addresses that characteristic. Write the characteristic in the long blank next to the score. Allow time for students to work and then review the answers (provided below).

Competitive
 Desires achievement
 Creative

3. Willing to work hard 12. Doesn't fear failure

4. Self-motivated 13. Able to plan and organize

5. Willing and able to lead 14. Willing and able to make decisions

6. Highly energetic 15. Willing and able to solve problems

7. Positive attitude 16. Willing to persevere

8. Willing to take risks 17. Self-reliant

9. Self-confident

8. Display *Visual 3B.3: What Does Your Score Indicate?* Explain that the higher the score, the more entrepreneurial traits they tend to have. Also point out that being an entrepreneur is not for everyone. People can be rewarded and satisfied as much or more by being successful managers or simply great employees.

#### Closure

9. Tell students that they can work for themselves or someone else. Either way they will need to develop skills and attitudes (i.e., human capital) to be successful.

#### Assessment

10. Distribute a copy of *Handout 3B:2: Assessment* to each student and allow time for students to work (or assign as homework).

#### Handout 3B:2: Assessment—Answer Key

Directions: Write a few paragraphs explaining the following:

- What is an entrepreneur, and why are entrepreneurs important to the economy?
- Are you interested in developing new products or starting a business?
- What do your assessment results suggest about whether you might enjoy being an entrepreneur?

Students should explain that entrepreneurs take risks to develop new products and start new businesses. They are important to the economy because the new products they develop and new businesses they start create new jobs—thus income—for people. Students should then reflect on their personal preference for entrepreneurship and their assessment results.

## **Visual 3B.1: Scoring Your Personal Assessment**

- 1. **A.** 3 points
  - **B.** 2 points
  - C. 1 point
  - A. 1 point
  - **B.** 3 points
  - C. 2 points
- 3. **A.** 2 points
  - **B.** 3 points
  - **C.** 1 point
- 4. **A.** 2 points
  - **B.** 1 point
  - **C.** 3 points
- 5. **A.** 1 point
  - **B.** 3 points
  - C. 2 points
- 6. **A.** 3 points
  - **B.** 2 points
  - **C.** 1 point
- 7. **A.** 3 points
  - **B.** 1 point
  - C. 2 points
- 8. **A.** 3 points
  - **B.** 2 points
  - **C.** 1 point
- 9. **A.** 1 point
  - **B.** 3 points
  - C. 2 points

- 10. **A.** 3 points
  - **B.** 1 point
  - C. 2 points
- 11. **A.** 3 points
  - **B.** 2 points
  - **C.** 1 point
- 12. **A.** 1 point
  - **B.** 3 points
  - C. 2 points
- 13. **A.** 1 point
  - **B.** 2 points
  - C. 3 points
- 14. **A.** 3 points
  - B. 2 points
  - **C.** 1 point
- 15. **A.** 1 point
  - **B.** 3 points
  - C. 2 points
- 16. **A.** 2 points
  - **B.** 1 point
  - C. 3 points
- 17. **A.** 3 points
  - **B.** 2 points
  - **C.** 1 point

## **Visual 3B.2: Characteristics of Entrepreneurs**

Willing to take risks Willing to work hard Willing to persevere Willing and able to lead Willing and able to solve problems Willing and able to make decisions Able to plan and organize **Self-reliant** Self-confident **Self-motivated Competitive** Creative Positive attitude Doesn't fear failure Highly energetic Sociable

**Desires achievement** 

#### Visual 3B.3: What Does Your Score Indicate?

# 17-28

You would likely be most comfortable and productive in a position where you work for someone else and welcome being able to leave your work behind when you leave it each day.

# 29-39

If you desire to be an entrepreneur, there are some characteristics on which you will need to work; however, you would likely be very comfortable and productive as a manager or supervisor.

# 40-51

You have strong entrepreneurial tendencies and would likely be most comfortable pursuing your own interests or running your own business.

# Handout 3B.1: My Personal Assessment\* (page 1 of 2)

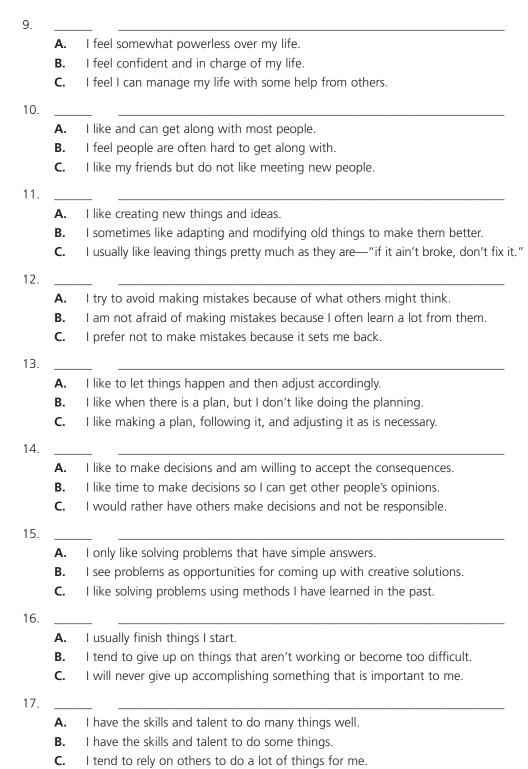
N	Name:

Directions: Circle the letter of the sentence that best describes you. (The blanks will be filled in later).

	Total Score
Α.	I like playing and winning competitive games.
B.	I like playing competitive games—win or lose.
C.	I do not like playing competitive games.
Α.	Being rich and/or famous is not that important to me.
В.	I am making plans to be rich and/or famous.
C.	I would like to be rich and/or famous.
Α.	I will work hard if it will pay off for me right away.
В.	I don't mind working hard even if the payoff is uncertain.
C.	I do not like to work any harder than necessary.
Α.	I like accomplishing goals others have set for me.
B.	I am not goal-oriented and prefer to take things as they come.
C.	I like setting and accomplishing my own goals.
Α.	I like to follow the lead of others.
В.	I like to take charge of things and can usually get others to follow.
C.	I like to take charge of things but have trouble getting others to follow.
Α.	I have a high level of energy and enthusiasm.
B.	I am usually attentive and interested in things.
C.	I am often tired and bored.
B.	I am pessimistic about my future.
C.	I have no strong feelings about my future.
	Like taking vieks whom thous is a skyry of him was and
A.	I like taking risks when there is a chance of big rewards.
B.	I like to weigh the risk of things against the potential rewards.
C.	I like sure things even though the rewards may be small.

#### **Making Personal Finance Decisions**

## Handout 3B.1: My Personal Assessment\* (page 2 of 2)



<sup>\*</sup>Based on "Entrepreneurial Potential Self-Assessment" from the Business Development Bank of Canada; https://www.bdc.ca/en/articles-tools/entrepreneur-toolkit/business-assessments/pages/self-assessment-test-your-entrepreneurial-potential.aspx?page=1.

#### **Making Personal Finance Decisions**

Handout 3B.2: Assessment	Name:	
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Directions: Write a few paragraphs explaining the following:

- What is an entrepreneur, and why are entrepreneurs important to the economy?
- Are you interested in developing new products or starting a business?
- What do your assessment results suggest about whether you might enjoy being an entrepreneur?

## Standards and Benchmarks

## **Voluntary National Content Standards in Economics**

**Standard 14: Entrepreneurship.** Entrepreneurs take on the calculated risk of starting new businesses, either by embarking on new ventures similar to existing ones or by introducing new innovations. Entrepreneurial innovation is an important source of economic growth.

- Benchmark: Grade 8
  - 2. Entrepreneurs organize resources to produce goods and services because they expect to earn profits.
- Benchmark: Grade 12
  - 3. Productivity and efficiency gains that result from innovative practices of entrepreneurs foster long-term economic growth.

## **National Standards for Financial Literacy**

**Standard 1: Earning Income.** Income for most people is determined by the market value of their labor, paid as wages and salaries. People can increase their income and job opportunities by choosing to acquire more education, work experience, and job skills. The decision to undertake an activity that increases income or job opportunities is affected by the expected benefits and costs of such an activity. Income also is obtained from other sources such as interest, rents, capital gains, dividends, and profits.

- Benchmark: Grade 8
  - 8. Entrepreneurs take the risk of starting a business because they expect to earn profits as their reward, despite the fact that many new businesses can and do fail. Some entrepreneurs gain satisfaction from working for themselves.